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Atty. Dkt. No. 029318-0981 Appln. No. 10/677,857

Listing of Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application.

- 1. (Original) A composition comprising:
- (a) particles of benzoyl peroxide or a salt thereof, wherein the benzoyl peroxide particles have an effective average particle size of less than about 2000 nm; and
- (b) at least one surface stabilizer.
- 2. (Original) The composition of claim 1, wherein the benzoyl peroxide is selected from the group consisting of a crystalline phase, an amorphous phase, a semi-crystalline phase, a semi-amorphous phase, and mixtures thereof.
- 3. (Original) The composition of claim 1, wherein the effective average particle size of the benzoyl peroxide particles is selected from the group consisting of less than about 1900 nm, less than about 1800 nm, less than about 1700 nm, less than about 1600 nm, less than about 1500 nm, less than about 1400 nm, less than about 1300 nm, less than about 1200 nm, less than about 1100 nm, less than about 900 nm, less than about 800 nm, less than about 700 nm, less than about 600 nm, less than about 500 nm, less than about 400 nm, less than about 300 nm, less than about 250 nm, less than about 200 nm, less than about 100 nm, less than about 500 nm, less than about 100 nm, less than about 50 nm.
- 4. (Original) The composition of claim 1 formulated into a dosage form selected from the group consisting of liquid dispersions, powders, lyophilized form, sprays, ointments, creams, gels, lotions, liquid washes, controlled release dosage form, delayed release dosage form, extended release dosage form, pulsatile release dosage form, mixed immediate release and controlled release dosage form, or a combination thereof.

- 5. (Original) The composition of claim 1, wherein the composition further comprises one or more pharmaceutically acceptable excipients, carriers, or a combination thereof.
- 6. (Original) The composition of claim 1, wherein the benzoyl peroxide or a salt thereof is present in an amount selected from the group consisting of from about 99.5% to about 0.001%, from about 95% to about 0.1%, and from about 90% to about 0.5%, by weight, based on the total combined weight of the benzoyl peroxide or a salt thereof and at least one surface stabilizer, not including other excipients.
- 7. (Original) The composition of claim 1, wherein the at least one surface stabilizer is present in an amount selected from the group consisting of from about 0.5% to about 99.99% by weight, from about 5.0% to about 99.9% by weight, and from about 10% to about 99.5% by weight, based on the total combined dry weight of the benzoyl peroxide or a salt thereof and at least one surface stabilizer, not including other excipients.
- 8. (Currently Amended) The composition of claim 1, wherein the surface stabilizer is selected from the group consisting of <u>a nonionic surface stabilizer</u>, an anionic surface stabilizer, a cationic surface stabilizer, a zwitterionic surface stabilizer, and an ionic surface stabilizer.
- (Original) The composition of claim 1, comprising at least two surface stabilizers.
- 10. (Original) The composition of claim 8, wherein the at least one surface stabilizer is selected from the group consisting of cetyl pyridinium chloride, gelatin, casein, phosphatides, dextran, glycerol, gum acacia, cholesterol, tragacanth, stearic acid, benzalkonium chloride, calcium stearate, glycerol monostearate, cetostearyl alcohol, cetomacrogol emulsifying wax, sorbitan esters, polyoxyethylene alkyl ethers, polyoxyethylene castor oil derivatives, polyoxyethylene sorbitan fatty acid esters, polyethylene glycols, dodecyl trimethyl ammonium bromide, polyoxyethylene stearates, colloidal silicon dioxide,

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phosphates, sodium dodecylsulfate, carboxymethylcellulose calcium, hydroxypropyl celluloses, hypromellose, carboxymethylcellulose sodium, methylcellulose, hydroxyethylcellulose, hypromellose phthalate, noncrystalline cellulose, magnesium aluminum silicate, triethanolamine, polyvinyl alcohol, polyvinylpyrrolidone, 4-(1,1,3,3-tetramethylbutyl)-phenol polymer with ethylene oxide and formaldehyde, poloxamers; poloxamines, a charged phospholipid, dioctylsulfosuccinate, dialkylesters of sodium sulfosuccinic acid, sodium lauryl sulfate, alkyl aryl polyether sulfonates, mixtures of sucrose stearate and sucrose distearate, p-isononylphenoxypoly-(glycidol), decanoyl-N-methylglucamide; n-decyl β-D-glucopyranoside; n-decyl β-D-maltopyranoside; n-hoptyl-β-D-glucopyranoside; n-hoptyl-β-D-maltoside; heptanoyl-N-methylglucamide; n-heptyl-β-D-glucopyranoside; n-heptyl-β-D-glucopyranoside; n-hoptyl-β-D-glucopyranoside; n-hoptyl-β-D-thioglucopyranoside; n-hoptyl-β-D-glucopyranoside; n-hoptyl-β-D-thioglucopyranoside; n-hoptyl-β-D-glucopyranoside; n-hoptyl-β-D-thioglucopyranoside; n-hoptyl-β-D-thiog

- 11. (Original) The composition of claim 8, wherein the at least one cationic surface stabilizer is selected from the group consisting of a polymer, a biopolymer, a polysaccharide, a cellulosic, an alginate, a nonpolymeric compound, and a phospholipid.
- 12. (Original) The composition of claim 8, wherein the surface stabilizer is selected from the group consisting of cationic lipids, polymethylmethacrylate trimethylammonium bromide, sulfonium compounds, polyvinylpyrrolidone-2-dimethylaminoethyl methacrylate dimethyl sulfate, hexadecyltrimethyl ammonium bromide, phosphonium compounds, quarternary ammonium compounds, benzyl-di(2-chloroethyl)ethylammonium bromide, coconut trimethyl ammonium chloride, coconut trimethyl ammonium bromide, coconut methyl dihydroxyethyl ammonium chloride, coconut methyl dihydroxyethyl ammonium chloride, decyl dimethyl hydroxyethyl ammonium chloride bromide, C₁₂₋₁₅dimethyl hydroxyethyl ammonium chloride bromide, C₁₂₋₁₅dimethyl hydroxyethyl ammonium chloride, C₁₂₋₁₅dimethyl hydroxyethyl

ammonium chloride bromide, coconut dimethyl hydroxyethyl ammonium chloride, coconut dimethyl hydroxyethyl ammonium bromide, myristyl trimethyl ammonium methyl sulphate, lauryl dimethyl benzyl ammonium chloride, lauryl dimethyl benzyl ammonium bromide, lauryl dimethyl (ethenoxy)4 ammonium chloride, lauryl dimethyl (ethenoxy)4 ammonium bromide, N-alkyl (C12-18)dimethylbenzyl ammonium chloride, N-alkyl (C14-18)dimethylbenzyl ammonium chloride, N-tetradecylidmethylbenzyl ammonium chloride monohydrate, dimethyl didecyl ammonium chloride, N-alkyl and (C12-14) dimethyl 1-napthylmethyl ammonium chloride, trimethylammonium halide, alkyl-trimethylammonium salts, dialkyldimethylammonium salts, lauryl trimethyl ammonium chloride, ethoxylated alkyamidoalkyldialkylammonium salt, an ethoxylated trialkyl ammonium salt, dialkylbenzene dialkylammonium chloride, N-didecyldimethyl ammonium chloride, Ntetradecyldimethylbenzyl ammonium, chloride monohydrate, N-alkyl(C12-14) dimethyl 1naphthylmethyl ammonium chloride, dodecyldimethylbenzyl ammonium chloride, dialkyl benzenealkyl ammonium chloride, lauryl trimethyl ammonium chloride, alkylbenzyl methyl ammonium chloride, alkyl benzyl dimethyl ammonium bromide, C12 trimethyl ammonium bromides, C15 trimethyl ammonium bromides, C17 trimethyl ammonium bromides, dodecylbenzyl triethyl ammonium chloride, poly-diallyldimethylammonium chloride (DADMAC), dimethyl ammonium chlorides, alkyldimethylammonium halogenides, tricetyl methyl ammonium chloride, decyltrimethylammonium bromide, dodecyltriethylammonium bromide, tetradecyltrimethylammonium bromide, methyl trioctylammonium chloride, POLYQUAT 10^{TM} , tetrabutylammonium bromide, benzyl trimethylammonium bromide, choline esters, benzalkonium chloride, stearalkonium chloride compounds, cetyl pyridinium bromide, cetyl pyridinium chloride, halide salts of quaternized polyoxyethylalkylamines, MIRAPOLTM, ALKAQUATTM, alkyl pyridinium salts; amines, amine salts, amine oxides, imide azolinium salts, protonated quaternary acrylamides, methylated quaternary polymers, and cationic guar.

13. (Original) The composition of claim 1, wherein the surface stabilizer is lysozyme, polyvinylpyrrolidone (PVP), benzalkonium chloride (BKC), or a mixture thereof.

- 14. (Original) The composition of any of claims 8, 11, 12, or 13, wherein the composition is bioadhesive.
- 15. (Original) The composition of claim 1, additionally comprising one or more non-benzoyl peroxide active agents.
- 16. (Original) The composition of claim 15, wherein the additionally one or more non-benzoyl peroxide active agents are selected from the group consisting of nutraceuticals, retinoic acid, antibiotics, sulfur, and salicylic acid.
- 17. (Original) The composition of claim 16, wherein the antibiotic is clindamycin, erythromycin, or a combination thereof.
- 18. (Withdrawn) A method of making a benzoyl peroxide composition comprising contacting particles of benzoyl peroxide or a salt thereof with at least one surface stabilizer for a time and under conditions sufficient to provide a benzoyl peroxide composition having an effective average particle size of less than about 2000 nm.
- 19. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 18, wherein said contacting comprises grinding.
- 20. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 19, wherein said grinding comprises wet grinding.
- 21. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 18, wherein said contacting comprises homogenizing.
 - 22. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 18, wherein said contacting comprises:
 - (a) dissolving particles of benzoyl peroxide or a salt thereof in a solvent;

- adding the resulting benzoyl peroxide solution to a solution comprising at least one surface stabilizer; and
- (c) precipitating the solubilized benzoyl peroxide and surface stabilizer composition by the addition thereto of a non-solvent.
- 23. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 18, wherein the benzoyl peroxide or a salt thereof is selected from the group consisting of a crystalline phase, an amorphous phase, a semi-errystalline phase, a semi-amorphous phase, and mixtures thereof.
- 24. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 18, wherein the effective average particle size of the benzoyl peroxide particles is selected from the group consisting of less than about 1900 nm, less than about 1800 nm, less than about 1700 nm, less than about 1600 nm, less than about 1500 nm, less than about 1000 nm, less than about 1400 nm, less than about 1300 nm, less than about 1200 nm, less than about 1100 nm, less than about 900 nm, less than about 800 nm, less than about 700 nm, less than about 500 nm, less than about 400 nm, less than about 300 nm, less than about 250 nm, less than about 200 nm, less than about 100 nm, less than about 500 nm, less than about 100 nm, less than about 50 nm.
- 25. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 18, wherein the composition is formulated into a dosage form selected from the group consisting of liquid dispersions, powders, lyophilized form, sprays, ointments, creams, gels, lotions, liquid washes, controlled release dosage form, delayed release dosage form, extended release dosage form, pulsatile release dosage form, mixed immediate release and controlled release dosage form, or a combination thereof.
- 26. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 18, wherein the composition further comprises one or more pharmaceutically acceptable excipients, carriers, or a combination thereof.
- 27. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 18, wherein the benzoyl peroxide or a salt thereof is present in an amount selected from the group consisting of from about 99.5% to

about 0.001%, from about 95% to about 0.1%, and from about 90% to about 0.5%, by weight, based on the total combined weight of the benzoyl peroxide or a salt thereof and at least one surface stabilizer, not including other excipients.

- 28. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 18, wherein the at least one surface stabilizer is present in an amount selected from the group consisting of from about 0.5% to about 99.99%, from about 5.0% to about 99.9%, and from about 10% to about 99.5% by weight, based on the total combined dry weight of the benzoyl peroxide or a salt thereof and at least one surface stabilizer, not including other excipients.
- 29. (Withdrawn and Currently Amended) The method of claim 18, wherein the surface stabilizer is selected from the group consisting of <u>a nonionic surface stabilizer</u>, an anionic surface stabilizer, a cationic surface stabilizer, a zwitterionic surface stabilizer, and an ionic surface stabilizer.
- 30. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 18, comprising at least two surface stabilizers.
- 31. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 29, wherein the at least one surface stabilizer is selected from the group consisting of cetyl pyridinium chloride, gelatin, casein, phosphatides, dextran, glycerol, gum acacia, cholesterol, tragacanth, stearic acid, benzalkonium chloride, calcium stearate, glycerol monostearate, cetostearyl alcohol, cetomacrogol emulsifying wax, sorbitan esters, polyoxyethylene alkyl ethers, polyoxyethylene castor oil derivatives, polyoxyethylene sorbitan fatty acid esters, polyethylene glycols, dodecyl trimethyl ammonium bromide, polyoxyethylene stearates, colloidal silicon dioxide, phosphates, sodium dodecylsulfate, carboxymethylcellulose calcium, hydroxypropyl celluloses, hypromellose, carboxymethylcellulose sodium, methylcellulose, hydroxyethylcellulose, hypromellose phthalate, noncrystalline cellulosc, magnesium aluminum silicate, triethanolamine, polyvinyl alcohol, polyvinylpyrrolidone, 4-(1,1,3,3-tetramethylbutyl)-phenol polymer with ethylene oxide and formaldehyde, poloxamers; poloxamines, a charged phospholipid, dioctylsulfosuccinate, dialkylesters of sodium

sulfosuccinic acid, sodium lauryl sulfate, alkyl aryl polyether sulfonates, mixtures of sucrose stearate and sucrose distearate, p-isononylphenoxypoly-(glycidol), decanoyl-N-methylglucamide; n-decyl β-D-glucopyranoside; n-decyl β-D-maltopyranoside; n-dodecyl β-D-maltoside; heptanoyl-N-methylglucamide; n-heptyl-β-D-glucopyranoside; n-heptyl β-D-thioglucoside; n-hexyl β-D-glucopyranoside; nonanoyl-N-methylglucamide; n-noyl β-D-glucopyranoside; octanoyl-N-methylglucamide; n-octyl-β-D-glucopyranoside; octyl β-D-thioglucopyranoside; lysozyme, PEG-phospholipid, PEG-cholesterol derivative, PEG-vitamin A, PEG-vitamin E, and random copolymers of vinyl acctate and vinyl pyrrolidone.

- 32. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 29, wherein the at least one cationic surface stabilizer is selected from the group consisting of a polymer, a biopolymer, a polysaccharide, a cellulosic, an alginate, a nonpolymeric compound, and a phospholipid.
- (Withdrawn) The method of claim 29, wherein the surface stabilizer is 33. selected from the group consisting of cationic lipids, polymethylmethacrylate trimethylammonium bromide, sulfonium compounds, polyvinylpyrrolidone-2dimethylaminocthyl methacrylate dimethyl sulfate, hexadecyltrimethyl ammonium bromide, phosphonium compounds, quarternary ammonium compounds, benzyl-di(2chloroethyl)ethylammonium bromide, coconut trimethyl ammonium chloride, coconut trimethyl ammonium bromide, coconut methyl dihydroxyethyl ammonium chloride, coconut methyl dihydroxyethyl ammonium bromide, decyl triethyl ammonium chloride, decyl dimethyl hydroxyethyl ammonium chloride, decyl dimethyl hydroxyethyl ammonium chloride bromide, C₁₂₋₁₅dimethyl hydroxyethyl ammonium chloride, C₁₂₋₁₅dimethyl hydroxyethyl ammonium chloride bromide, coconut dimethyl hydroxyethyl ammonium chloride, coconut dimethyl hydroxyethyl ammonium bromide, myristyl trimethyl ammonium methyl sulphate, lauryl dimethyl benzyl ammonium chloride, lauryl dimethyl benzyl ammonium bromide, lauryl dimethyl (ethenoxy)4 ammonium chloride, lauryl dimethyl (ethenoxy)4 ammonium bromide, N-alkyl (C₁₂₋₁₈)dimethylbenzyl ammonium chloride, N-alkyl (C₁₄₋₁₈)dimethylbenzyl ammonium chloride, N-tetradecylidmethylbenzyl ammonium chloride monohydrate,

dimethyl didecyl ammonium chloride, N-alkyl and (C₁₂₋₁₄) dimethyl 1-napthylmethyl ammonium chloride, trimethylammonium halide, alkyl-trimethylammonium salts, dialkyldimethylammonium salts, lauryl trimethyl ammonium chloride, ethoxylated alkyamidoalkyldialkylammonium salt, an ethoxylated trialkyl ammonium salt, dialkylbenzene dialkylammonium chloride, N-didecyldimethyl ammonium chloride, Ntetradecyldimethylbenzyl ammonium, chloride monohydrate, N-alkyl(C₁₂₋₁₄) dimethyl 1naphthylmethyl ammonium chloride, dodecyldimethylbenzyl ammonium chloride, dialkyl benzenealkyl ammonium chloride, lauryl trimethyl ammonium chloride, alkylbenzyl methyl ammonium chloride, alkyl benzyl dimethyl ammonium bromide, C12 trimethyl ammonium bromides, C15 trimethyl ammonium bromides, C17 trimethyl ammonium bromides, dodecylbenzyl triethyl ammonium chloride, poly-diallyldimethylammonium chloride (DADMAC), dimethyl ammonium chlorides, alkyldimethylammonium halogenides, tricetyl methyl ammonium chloride, decyltrimethylammonium bromide, dodecyltriethylammonium bromide, tetradecyltrimcthylammonium bromide, methyl trioctylammonium chloride, POLYQUAT 10™, tetrabutylammonium bromide, benzyl trimethylammonium bromide, choline esters, benzalkonium chloride, stearalkonium chloride compounds, cetyl pyridinium bromide, cetyl pyridinium chloride, halide salts of quaternized polyoxyethylalkylamines, MIRAPOLTM, ALKAQUATTM, alkyl pyridinium salts; amines, amine salts, amine oxides, imide azolinium salts, protonated quaternary acrylamides, methylated quaternary polymers, and cationic guar.

- 34. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 29, wherein the surface stabilizer is lysozyme, polyvinylpyrrolidone (PVP), benzalkonium chloride (BKC), or a mixture thereof.
- 35. (Withdrawn) The method of any of claims 29, 32, 33, or 34, wherein the composition is bioadhesive.
- 36. (Withdrawn) A method of treating a subject in need comprising administering to the subject an effective amount of a composition comprising:

- particles of a benzoyl peroxide or a salt thereof, wherein the benzoyl peroxide particles have an effective average particle size of less than about 2000 nm; and
- (b) at least one surface stabilizer.
- 37. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 36, wherein the benzoyl peroxide or a salt thereof is selected from the group consisting of a crystalline phase, an amorphous phase, a semi-crystalline phase, a semi-amorphous phase, and mixtures thereof.
- 38. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 36, wherein the effective average particle size of the benzoyl peroxide particles is selected from the group consisting of less than about 1900 nm, less than about 1800 nm, less than about 1700 nm, less than about 1600 nm, less than about 1500 nm, less than about 1400 nm, less than about 1300 nm, less than about 1200 nm, less than about 1100 nm, less than about 900 nm, less than about 800 nm, less than about 700 nm, less than about 500 nm, less than about 400 nm, less than about 300 nm, less than about 250 nm, less than about 200 nm, less than about 100 nm, less than about 500 nm, less than about 100 nm, less than about 500 nm.
- 39. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 36, wherein the composition is formulated into a dosage form selected from the group consisting of liquid dispersions, powders, lyophilized form, sprays, ointments, creams, gels, lotions, liquid washes, controlled release dosage form, delayed release dosage form, extended release dosage form, pulsatile release dosage form, mixed immediate release and controlled release dosage form, or a combination thereof.
- 40. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 36, wherein the composition further comprises one or more pharmaceutically acceptable excipients, carriers, or a combination thereof.
- 41. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 36, wherein the benzoyl peroxide or a salt thereof is present in an amount selected from the group consisting of from about 99.5% to

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about 0.001%, from about 95% to about 0.1%, and from about 90% to about 0.5%, by weight, based on the total combined weight of the benzoyl peroxide or a salt thereof and at least one surface stabilizer, not including other excipients.

- 42. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 36, wherein the at least one surface stabilizer is present in an amount selected from the group consisting of from about 0.5% to about 99.99% by weight, from about 5.0% to about 99.9% by weight, and from about 10% to about 99.5% by weight, based on the total combined dry weight of the benzoyl peroxide or a salt thereof and at least one surface stabilizer, not including other excipients.
- 43. (Withdrawn and Currently Amended) The method of claim 36, wherein the surface stabilizer is selected from the group consisting of a nonionic surface stabilizer, an anionic surface stabilizer, a cationic surface stabilizer, a zwitterionic surface stabilizer, and an ionic surface stabilizer.
- 44. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 36, comprising utilizing at least two surface stabilizers.
- 45. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 43, wherein the at least one surface stabilizer is selected from the group consisting of cetyl pyridinium chloride, gelatin, casein, phosphatides, dextran, glycerol, gum acacia, cholesterol, tragacanth, stearic acid, benzalkonium chloride, calcium stearate, glycerol monostearate, cetostearyl alcohol, cetomacrogol emulsifying wax, sorbitan esters, polyoxyethylene alkyl ethers, polyoxyethylene castor oil derivatives, polyoxyethylene sorbitan fatty acid esters, polyethylene glycols, dodecyl trimethyl ammonium bromide, polyoxyethylene stearates, colloidal silicon dioxide, phosphates, sodium dodecylsulfate, carboxymethylcellulose calcium, hydroxypropyl celluloses, hypromellose, carboxymethylcellulose sodium, methylcellulose, hydroxyethylcellulose, hypromellose phthalate, noncrystalline cellulose, magnesium aluminum silicate, triethanolamine, polyvinyl alcohol, polyvinylpyrrolidone, 4-(1,1,3,3-tetramethylbutyl)-phenol polymer with ethylene oxide and formaldehyde, poloxamers; poloxamines, a charged phospholipid, dioctylsulfosuccinate, dialkylesters of sodium

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sulfosuccinic acid, sodium lauryl sulfate, alkyl aryl polyether sulfonates, mixtures of sucrose stearate and sucrose distearate, p-isononylphenoxypoly-(glycidol), decanoyl-N-methylglucamide; n-decyl β-D-glucopyranoside; n-decyl β-D-maltopyranoside; n-dodecyl β-D-maltoside; heptanoyl-N-methylglucamide; n-heptyl-β-D-glucopyranoside; n-heptyl β-D-thioglucoside; n-hexyl β-D-glucopyranoside; nonanoyl-N-methylglucamide; n-noyl β-D-glucopyranoside; octanoyl-N-methylglucamide; n-octyl-β-D-glucopyranoside; octyl β-D-thioglucopyranoside; lysozyme, PEG-phospholipid, PEG-cholesterol derivative, PEG-vitamin A, PEG-vitamin E, and random copolymers of vinyl acetate and vinyl pyrrolidone.

- 46. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 43, wherein the at least one cationic surface stabilizer is selected from the group consisting of a polymer, a biopolymer, a polysaccharide, a cellulosic, an alginate, a nonpolymeric compound, and a phospholipid.
- (Withdrawn) The method of claim 43, wherein the surface stabilizer is 47. selected from the group consisting of benzalkonium chloride, polymethylmethacrylate trimethylammonium bromide, polyvinylpyrrolidone-2-dimethylaminoethyl methacrylate dimethyl sulfate, hexadecyltrimethyl ammonium bromide, cationic lipids, sulfonium compounds, phosphonium compounds, quarternary ammonium compounds, benzyl-di(2chloroethyl)ethylammonium bromide, coconut trimethyl ammonium chloride, coconut trimethyl ammonium bromide, coconut methyl dihydroxyethyl ammonium chloride, coconut methyl dihydroxyethyl ammonium bromide, decyl triethyl ammonium chloride, decyl dimethyl hydroxyethyl ammonium chloride, decyl dimethyl hydroxyethyl ammonium chloride bromide, C12-15dimethyl hydroxyethyl ammonium chloride, C12-15dimethyl hydroxyethyl ammonium chloride bromide, coconut dimethyl hydroxyethyl ammonium chloride, coconut dimethyl hydroxyethyl ammonium bromide, myristyl trimethyl ammonium methyl sulphate, lauryl dimethyl benzyl ammonium chloride, lauryl dimethyl benzyl ammonium bromide, lauryl dimethyl (ethenoxy)4 ammonium chloride, lauryl dimethyl (ethenoxy)4 ammonium bromide, N-alkyl (C₁₂₋₁₈)dimethylbenzyl ammonium chloride, N-alkyl (C₁₄₋₁₈)dimethylbenzyl ammonium chloride, N-tetradecylidmethylbenzyl ammonium chloride monohydrate,

dimethyl didecyl ammonium chloride, N-alkyl and (C12-14) dimethyl 1-napthylmethyl ammonium chloride, trimethylammonium halide, alkyl-trimethylammonium salts, dialkyldimethylammonium salts, lauryl trimethyl ammonium chloride, ethoxylated alkyamidoalkyldialkylammonium salt, an ethoxylated trialkyl ammonium salt, dialkylbenzene dialkylammonium chloride, N-didecyldimethyl ammonium chloride, Ntetradecyldimethylbenzyl ammonium, chloride monohydrate, N-alkyl(C₁₂₋₁₄) dimethyl 1naphthylmethyl ammonium chloride, dodecyldimethylbenzyl ammonium chloride, dialkyl benzenealkyl ammonium chloride, lauryl trimethyl ammonium chloride, alkylbenzyl methyl ammonium chloride, alkyl benzyl dimethyl ammonium bromide, C12 trimethyl ammonium bromides, C15 trimethyl ammonium bromides, C17 trimethyl ammonium bromides, dodecylbenzyl triethyl ammonium chloride, poly-diallyldimethylammonium chloride (DADMAC), dimethyl ammonium chlorides, alkyldimethylammonium halogenides, tricetyl methyl ammonium chloride, decyltrimethylammonium bromide, dodecyltriethylammonium bromide, tetradecyltrimethylammonium bromide, methyl trioctylammonium chloride, POLYQUAT 10™, tetrabutylammonium bromide, benzyl trimethylammonium bromide, choline esters, benzalkonium chloride, stearalkonium chloride compounds, cetyl pyridinium bromide, cetyl pyridinium chloride, halide salts of quaternized polyoxyethylalkylamines, MIRAPOL™, ALKAQUAT™, alkyl pyridinium salts; amines, amine salts, amine oxides, imide azolinium salts, protonated quaternary acrylamides, methylated quaternary polymers, and cationic guar.

- 48. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 36, wherein the surface stabilizer is lysozyme, polyvinylpyrrolidonc (PVP), benzalkonium chloride (BKC), or a mixture thereof.
- 49. (Withdrawn) The method of any of claims 43, 46, 47, or 48, wherein the composition is bioadhesive.
- 50. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 36, additionally comprising administering one or more non-benzoyl peroxide active agents.

- 51. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 50, wherein the additional one or more non-benzoyl peroxide active agents are selected from the group consisting of nutraceuticals, retinoic acid, antibiotics, sulfur, and salicylic acid.
- 52. (Withdrawn) The composition of claim 16, wherein the antibiotic is clindamycin, erythromycin, or a combination thereof.
 - 53. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 36, wherein the subject is a human.
- 54. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 36 used to treat dermatological or cutaneous conditions or disorders.
- 55. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 36 used to treat a condition selected from the group consisting of acne, acne vulgaris, reduction of excessive facial oil, decubital ulcers, and stasis ulcers.